THE

# MARYLAND GAZETTE,

*Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.*

WEDNESDAY, *August* 29, 1750.

N°. 279.

*HANOVER, May* 15.

THE king has just nominated the barons de Schwiegelt and de Burch ministers of state for this electorate; and his majesty has likewise disposed of some military employments; amongst others, of a company of his body guards in favour of M. de Wackerbath. Nothing of any consequence has yet been done at court in relation to political affairs, nor will be, 'tis presumed, till after the arrival of the duke of Newcastle, and the foreign ministers, which are expected from divers places; when among many other things, the important affair of contriving how to execute the articles of the last definitive treaty, which are not yet accomplished, is to be brought upon the carpet. Of those articles there are four, the 3d, 16th, 17th and 22d, which relate to the following points: The execution of the treaties of 1667 and 1670 between England and Spain, with regard to the navigation of their respective subjects in America; the confirmation of the Assiento treaty; the settling of the pretensions in money of the king of Great Britain, elector of Hanover, upon the crown of Spain; the decision of some articles concerning the limits and territorial jurisdiction in the Low Countries; and the regulation of some pretensions of the elector Palatine, besides the accomplishment of the guaranty of the duchy of Silesia and the county of Glatz to the king of Prussia, by all the powers and contracting parties in the said treaty. This is likely to be a work of time, and some think will scarcely be compleated before the end of the year.

*Petersburg, April* 25. It is believed, that in a day or two the Prussian and Polish ministers will be admitted to an audience of her Imperial majesty, in case she does not return to Gorkeliz, which however, is a thing not at all impossible or improbable; yet upon this audience some shrewd politicians believe, that great things depend.

*Turin, April* 18. Conferences are frequently held in the king's presence, to which the French and Spanish ministers are commonly invited: But we are assured they turn upon nothing else than ways and means to preserve peace in Italy, by making a total alteration in the system thereof.

*Turin, April* 30. It is certain that great feasts are not more frequent at court than private conferences; and it is thought those who make the greatest figure at the one, have the strongest influence in the other. We are told, that the subject of these conferences is to induce certain courts to moderate their desires, and prevent the reviving the troubles so lately extinguished in Italy.

*Madrid, April* 28. According to the last letters from the Caraccas, M. d'Arriaga is treated there with abundance of civility and respect, and the inhabitants also behave very kindly to the troops under his command: But he cannot undertake any thing in favour of the Guypuscoa company, because the first attempts of that nature would make him lose all the respect hitherto paid him; and besides, he does not know how to deal with about 20,000 men, well arm'd, when his own force scarcely amounts to 1500. The people of the colony still assure him of their unfeigned respect and loyalty to the king, but they will not hear a word about restoring the Guypuscoa company.

*Cologne, May* 15. We have actually begun to raise the recruits which our elector, by the last treaty with the maritime powers, is engaged to set on foot; and are to march as soon as required.

*Hague, May* 17. Letters from Petersburg, of the 28th of last month, make mention of a term proposed by the king of Great-Britain, for bringing about a reconciliation between the courts of Petersburg and Stockholm; after which term, if they can't agree, they shall be welcome to decide all disputes by the sword: They add, that the Russian fleet would be in readiness to put to sea the 15th or 18th of this month, and consist of the same number of ships as were sent out last year. According to advices from Revel, and other Russian ports, their sea officers keep in readiness to go on board at an hour's warning.

*Paris, May* 11. The squadron which has been some time preparing in our ports, will be ready to put to sea in a few days; and it will we are assured, join some Spanish men of war equipping at Carthagena and Ferrol, to go in concert to bombard Algiers. This squadron is to be commanded by M. de Magnamara, and will consist of two 74 gun ships, one of 36, and the frigate L'Anemone of 26; which last is destined to sound the coasts, and to lead the way throughout the expedition.

*Rome, May* 2. The governor of Civita Vecchia, has ordered the gallies and armed Pink to sail immediately from that port, in order to join the Maltese men of war, who are going to cruize against the corsairs of Barbary.

*Frankfort, May* 13. Yesterday two vessels passed by this city, with several families on board, going from Suabia to England, to pass from thence to the new colonies, which the English are forming in America.

*Frankfort, May* 17. We learn from Munich, that many cabinet councils have been lately held there, in the presence of the elector, on the subject of the renewal of the subsidy treaty between him and the king of Great Britain, the result whereof had been sent to London and Hanover.

There is much talk of a treaty of confederacy being on the carpet, between many princes and states of the empire, for the support of the house of Austria and its allies.

*Extract of a letter from Paris, dated May* 15.

The offer of mediation made by the Grand Signior to the Northern crowns, and the approaching dyet of Poland, are points that certainly occupy the thoughts of our ministers, though very little is said of them at court. Indeed the affairs of the North are treated as things inexplicable, but from various steps lately taken, there are many people suspect that the present calm weather will not last long in those parts.

We begin to talk again of two, if not three camps this summer; but it is purely to exercise the troops, and to give such noblemen as were too young to make a campaign in the last war, some idea of military affairs. If you don't like this reason, you shall have another, tho' not a better; which is, that camps are the fashion.

It is very apparent, that some late transactions in the empire are by no means agreeable to the system that is pursued here; and we are told that the minister intrusted with our negotiations has given so good an account of his conduct, that, it is thought he will continue in favour. In the mean time there is nothing said of naming a new minister to a certain court, which looks as if it was resolved to leave the affair of the subsidies to some other potentate.

*Naples, April* 28. We have advice that the corsairs of Barbary, which have been cruizing for some time on our coasts, and those of the kingdom of Sicily, are drawn off on the approach of the king's squadron, which has had the good fortune to regain two Tartans, one belonging to this capital, and the other to Leghorn, which those pyrates had taken off Cape Spartivento.

*Dusseldorp, May* 29. Numbers of families from the Lower Palatinate, from Suabia, and from the principality of Saltzburg, going as settlers to Nova-Scotia, continue passing thro' this city on their way to the Rhine.

*Constantinople,*

*Conſtantinople, April 28.* In the night between the 15th and 16th inſtant, a fire broke out in the Scharſchee or market, where all the riches of this great city center; and notwithſtanding it was always ſuppoſed to be fire-proof, being vaulted, and of ſtone, it was intirely conſumed to the ground, and with it an immenſe value in rich apparel of all ſorts for men and women, quilts, ſofas, warehouſes belonging to dealers in gold and ſilver wares, and money-changers, who had a great part of the caſh of this city in their hands. The damage is computed to amount from 10,000 to 30,000 purſes of money, which is from 5 to 15 millions of dollars. This fire appearing in ſeveral different and oppoſite parts, between 11 and 12 at night, and ſome bags of combuſtible matter being found, it was imagined the intent was to get at the arms which were ſold there, in order to raiſe a rebellion; but an order was ſent to the janizar aga, to keep the gates of thoſe great exchanges ſhut. On the 18th, one of the great arches of the buildings gave way, and cruſhed ſome people under it's ruins, which occaſioned ſo much conſuſion, that the malevolents took advantage thereof, and began to cry out amidſt the diſtreſſed multitude, Rebellion, and that the grand ſeignor was dead. On which an alarm ſpread thro' the whole city, the ſhops began to be ſhut, and the bake-houſes to be ſtormed for bread; ſo that double guards were immediately placed, and rounds made by the vizir and other great officers day and night. On the 19th, all the colonels of janizaries were called to the Porte, and a conſiderable ſum of money given them to diſtribute among the janizaries, ſince which time all remains in perfect tranquility. Upon ſome murmurs and complaints, the janizar aga has been depoſed and exil'd, and the lieutenant general of the janizaries has been made aga, or general. Several perſons are impriſoned, but no executions have yet been made.

*Hague, June 2.* The troops deſtined for Surinam are aſſembling at Naerden, and are to be formed into two regiments; major general Sporcken is to command them, and is likewiſe to take upon him the chief command of all the other forces of the colony. And as a much greater number of officers have offered themſelves to go over with theſe troops, than was expected, a commiſſion has been appointed, conſiſting of three general officers, to examine the liſt, and make choice of thoſe whom they ſhall think moſt proper for that ſervice.

*Madrid, May 12.* The king having ordered Mr. Wall to follow the king of Great-Britain to Hanover, has ſignified to that miniſter, that the chief reaſon of this order was to accelerate, as much as poſſible, the regulation of the affairs that remain undecided between the two courts; his majeſty being deſirous of nothing more than to ſettle the affairs of America upon a ſolid and laſting footing. His majeſty is determined to do all that lies in his power towards it, as far as is conſiſtent with the dignity of his crown, and the intereſts of his ſubjects, with regard to the limits of their navigation in the Weſt-Indies. Mr. Keene, miniſter plenipotentiary from his Britannic majeſty, whoſe negotiations have been impeded ſome weeks, by the marriage of the ducheſs of Savoy, has reſumed his conferences.

*Hanover, May 29.* The day before yeſterday the king came to viſit our arſenal, and afterwards returned to Herenhauſen. The marquis de Valori, late envoy extraordinary from France at the court of Pruſſia, who it was thought came only to compliment his majeſty on the part of the king his maſter, has received orders to ſtay here as miniſter from his moſt Chriſtian majeſty, and to have an eye to the ſeveral negotiations which are to be carried on here. However, let what will be the motive of ſending him, he is very well reſpected at court.

*Florence, June 4.* They write from Milan, that about 20 ſoldiers of the regiment of Baleyra, who were in garriſon at Cremona, had deſerted from thence laſt week with their arms; which count Palavicini being informed of, order'd a number of officers on horſeback to follow and arreſt them; who, coming up with them, met with ſo warm a reception, that nine of the officers were killed upon the ſpot, and two others dangerouſly wounded; whereupon the remainder thought proper to retire without their horſes, with which the deſerters had taken the road to Placentia.

*Genoa, June 4.* The Barbary corſairs appear again in great numbers along the coaſts of Italy, and daily pick up ſome veſſels.

## LONDON.

*May 22.* By letters from Peterſburg we have advice, that the Archangel ſquadron being in readineſs to put to ſea, is ordered to ſail for the Baltic, and join the grand fleet at Cronſtadt.

The Dutch gazettes inform us, that the regency of Great-Britain have ſent orders to the earl of Albemarle, to declare to the French court, that they highly diſapprove of the conduct of the governor of Nevis, in firing upon the Galathea frigate; if the fact be really ſuch as it is repreſented in the complaint made by the marquis de Mirepoix; but that in order to prevent the like miſunderſtandings for the future, they have ſent freſh orders to the governors and commandants of the Engliſh ſettlements in America, as alſo to the captains of ſhips ſtationed there, to behave towards the French as one ought to do with friends. But when Tobago is to be evacuated, they do not tell us.

Letters from Berlin take notice, that they are as buſy on the arſenal and magazines, as if they were at the eve of a war; which they ſay muſt inevitably happen, on the demiſe of the king of Sweden, if not ſooner.

*May 31.* Letters from Perſia give an account of great commotions and revolutions in that empire; 'tis even ſaid, the Sophi himſelf is depoſed, ſome accounts ſay ſtrangled; and that vaſt numbers of people were flying from ſeveral parts of the kingdom.

Some letters from Berlin intimate, that we are on the eve of hearing ſomewhat conſiderable from that part of the world; his Pruſſian majeſty being on the point of ſetting out for Koningſburg; and a certain court being duly apprized of ſome Intrigues in Germany, will, it is thought, find herſelf obliged implicitly to rely on the prudence of this monarch, who is no leſs dexterous in penetrating the ſecrets of other cabinets, than ſucceſsful in concealing his own.

*June 12.* By a private letter from Conſtantinople, by the way of Venice, we are informed, that the ferment which has been for ſome time paſt in the divan, begins now to ſpread itſelf through the maſs of the people, and was the true ſource of the late conflagration, and intended inſurrection. The ground of the diſturbance is this: That the janizaries and the populace are violently bent upon a war with one of the European powers; and if the news lately arrived from Perſia be confirmed, it is very much apprehended they will carry their point.

This morning a great number of foreign proteſtants arrived in town, who are cantoned about Blackwall, *&c.* 'til they imbark for Nova-Scotia.

A propoſal is on foot, and favoured by ſeveral great perſons, for obtaining an act next ſeſſion of parliament, for the better cultivating the waſte grounds in Wales, and the employment of the poor of this kingdom.

*June 14.* We hear that laſt night there was a meeting of ſeveral eminent gentlemen of the phyſic faculty, to conſider of a method for enlarging the lunatic charity, on a foundation not inferior to that of Bethlehem, tho' not as a rival; which, it is not doubted, will receive proper encouragement.

*June 16.* We are aſſured, that the report of there being 5000 in the diſturbance in Staffordſhire is falſe; there having never appeared 700. Theſe people, we are informed, met to celebrate the 29th of May, and the 10th of June; which laſt being Trinity Sunday, is ſaid to be the very day the Chevalier was born on.

*Extract of a Letter from Barbadoes, May 1.*

" This you will receive by Capt. Adams, of the ſhip Charming Betſy, who ſails this day with the Anna Maria, Jacob Blackman Commander. We have no news with us, except that the French continue ſettling Tobago; and have offered many ſlights and affronts to our commodore, Mr. Holbourne, at Martinico.

We have within this day or two a report, that the French court have lately ſent over 5000 men to theſe parts. It looks as if they were determined to ſettle theſe iſlands. They have never deſerted St. Vincent, Dominico, nor St. Lucia; but have offered ſeveral affronts to our men of war. when they have been going into the ports of thoſe iſlands; and, forſooth, want to know who gave them liberty to appear there, and what can be their buſineſs. It looks to us, as if they were determined never to give them up; and at laſt I believe they will bamboozle us out of them, *&c.* "

By our laſt letters from France we learn, that the parliament have made ſtrong remonſtrances to the grand monarque, for taking many of the duties off the neceſſaries of life, according to their ſovereign's promiſe before the peace, which as yet has had no effect; tho' the vigorous manner in which theſe remonſtrances were made, has greatly embarraſſed the miniſterial junto.——We find every nation has it's curſe.

By

By the declaration lately made by their excellencies the lords juſtices, relating to the diſtribution of prizes taken from the Genoeſe, his majeſty reſtores to them his third; the merchants, who were ſufferers in the war, by having their ſhips taken and carried into Genoa, being firſt reimburſed their loſſes.

*Extract of a Letter from Shrewſbury, June 13.*

"On Saturday night laſt a very melancholy affair happened in this town: Some of Col. Mordaunt's dragoons (quartered here) were obſerved to parade about different parts of the town, ſix or eight in a company, from the duſk of the evening; but about eleven at night (an hour after the tattoo was beat) the town was greatly alarmed with the claſhing of ſwords, and the cries of murder. The caſe was this:

A maſter bricklayer (paying his workmen their week's wages, and giving them a mug of drink in his own houſe, according to his conſtant cuſtom every Saturday night) was interrupted by a party of ſoldiers, who forced his door open; and two of his men going out to ſee who it was, found ſix or ſeven with their drawn ſwords; on which ſome words paſt, but they parted without further diſturbance. About a quarter of an hour after, the ſoldiers (aſſembled to the number of forty) marched in two companies, with their drawn ſwords, into the ſtreet where the poor man liv'd, threatening to pull down his houſe, and, menacing every one they ſaw, immediately fell to work upon his houſe, and ſwore they would murder every one it. The maſter, with his wife, family, and ſervants (to the number of about twenty) were obliged to make the beſt of their way over the tops of the adjacent houſes to eſcape; and well it was for them they did ſo: For the ſoldiers having in a few minutes broke down the window ſhutters and doors, enter'd the houſe, ſword in hand; there were then only three old men left in the houſe (the youngeſt upwards of ſixty), but ſo great was the courage of our heroes, that without any compaſſion, or regard to age or intreaties, they fell upon theſe helpleſs unarm'd men (who begg'd for mercy to no purpoſe), and ſoon, as they thought, left two of them for dead: The third they dragg'd, in an inhuman manner, from thence to the market houſe, about five hundred yards diſtant, which they made their general rendezvous. About two hours after, the neighbouring gentlemen, with great hazard to themſelves, got this unhappy victim out of their hands, who 'til then lay ſpeechleſs, having loſt ſo much blood, that, for three days afterwards, the poor wretch might have been traced from his maſter's houſe to the market-houſe by his blood. The three men are now in the infirmary; and tho' there are hopes of their lives, yet their maim'd and crippled limbs demonſtrate the barbarity of the uſage they received, and gives us a proper idea of military diſcipline; for large pieces of their ſkulls are cut off, the bones of their legs and arms hack'd and cut through, and their bodies mangled in a terrible manner.

The mayor acted with ſpirit and reſolution: He put himſelf in great danger, by endeavouring to put a ſtop to the fury of theſe butchers. His hat was cut through with a blow of a broad-ſword, and no deference paid to his authority. The ſoldiers, led on and encouraged by the valour of one of their officers, deſpiſed the power of their civil magiſtrate, and declared, what they did was by order."

*BOSTON, July 30.*

By a letter from Hallifax, in Nova-Scotia, dated the 11th inſt. we have advice, that a fire happen'd there the day before; how it came is uncertain, but 'tis generally thought 'twas perpetrated by the neutral French, whoſe tents were pitched in the woods at the diſtance of about a mile from the place where the fire firſt began; which extended directly to the town, as tho' a train of dry ſtuff had been prepared for the ſame purpoſe; but as the town is picqueted, it ſeparated, and proceeded round on both ſides; and as the houſes within the town were thick, tho' ſmall, ſeveral were conſumed, and others damag'd: The fire being at both ends of the town, threatened an awful deſtruction of the whole place, as there was a great quantity of dry ſtuff every where ſcatter'd up and down. But through the favour of divine providence, little damage was done in the place. The fire burnt from 11 o'clock in the morning till night; and in the evening the tops of many trees about the town were on fire, with the bruſh around them.

Thurſday laſt we had ſome ſmart ſhowers of rain, attended with thunder; and at the upper end of Charles-Town, about four miles from the ferry, it hail'd ſo much as to cover the ground, ſome of the ſtones being half an inch over.

## ANNAPOLIS.

About a Fortnight ago, the Dwelling Houſe of Mrs. *Lucy Hatton*, near *Piſcataway*, took Fire in the Night, and burnt down to the Ground; and herſelf, and two Sons (both young Men), periſh'd in the Flames. The Fire begun up Stairs, and is ſuppoſed to have been occaſioned by the Snuff of a Candle falling into ſome Cotton: Mrs. *Hatton* was once out of the Houſe, but went back to ſave her Sons, by which means ſhe periſh'd with them.

On Friday Night laſt, the public Priſon of *Prince George's* County, in *Upper Marlborough*, was burnt down; and is ſuppoſed to have been fired by a Negro who was committed for Murder, and who by that means made his Eſcape. The Lives of ſeveral Priſoners for Debt were much endangered.

A few Days ago dieſt in an advanced Age Mr. *John Magruder*, of *Prince George's* County, a Gentleman who was formerly for many Years in the Commiſſion of the Peace, and one of the Repreſentatives for that County.

On Friday next, the Negro *Cuffee*, condemn'd at our laſt County Court, is to be executed.


## ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,

*And to be SOLD by* THOMAS MEIGHAN, *at* London Town, *in the Houſe where* William Peele, *deceaſed, lately liv'd,*

GREAT Variety of *European* and *India* Goods, at the cheapeſt Rates, either for Current Money, Bills of Exchange, or Tobacco.

ALL Perſons who have any Demands on the Eſtate of *George Downey*, late of *Annapolis*, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts: And thoſe who are any ways indebted, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to Meſſieurs *John Campbell* and *John Inch*, who are impowered to pay and receive, and give Receipts. MARY DOWNEY, Executrix.

*To be SOLD by Public Vendue, at ſaid* Downey's *late Dwelling-Houſe in* Annapolis, *on Friday the 31ſt Inſtant, at Five o' Clock in the Afternoon,*

A Horſe, a Cow and Calf, a Cow and Yearling, a Bed and Furniture, ſome Pewter, and other Houſhold Goods.

IN Purſuance of a late Act of Aſſembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is in this County, at the Plantation of Mrs. *Woodward*, near the Head of *Severn* (and has been for ſeveral Years) a grey Mare taken up as a Stray; ſhe is about 13 Hands high, a poor going Creature, Branded on the near Shoulder with g bottom upwards and R join'd to it; on the near Buttock with S or a Figure of 3, and on the off Side of the Neck under the Mane with ɯ.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property and paying Charges.

*Auguſt 28, 1750.*

RAN away from the *Baltimore* Iron-Works yeſterday, being the 27th Inſtant, a Servant Man belonging to *Daniel Dulany*, Eſq; and Company, named *Henry Stocks*, a luſty tall Fellow, has a bold rough Look, of a ſandy Complexion, ſeems ſpotted in the Face like Freckles, has a large Scar over one of his Eyes, was born in the Weſt of *England*, and talks much in that Dialect. He had on a dirty Cotton Jacket, Oſnabrigs Shirt and Trowſers, Felt Hat, and new Shoes; but may have got other Cloaths, and ſtolen a Horſe to ride. He ran away about this Time laſt Year, with others, and was taken down the Bay, at the *Tangier Iſlands*.

Whoever ſecures the ſaid Runaway, and brings him to the Subſcriber at the ſaid Works, ſhall have Forty Shillings if taken Twenty Miles from home, and if taken at a greater Diſtance Four Pounds, paid by R. CROXALL.

*Annapolis, Auguſt 15, 1750.*

TAKEN up as a Runaway, and committed to my Cuſtody, a Negro Man who ſays his Name is *Dick*, and that he belongs to *William Hoare* in *Virginia*.

His Maſter may have him, on paying Fees, from JOHN GASSAWAY, High Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD by Mr. FRANCIS CHEW, of *Calvert* County,

FOUR Tracts of good Arable Land, lying in the County aforesaid, near the head of *Hall's* Creek, convenient both to *Patuxent* River, and the Bay, adjoining to each other, Containing 615 Acres, whereon are two good Tobacco Houses and a Dwelling-House; upwards of Three Hundred Acres of it Wood Land, and well Timber'd.

Any Person inclinable to Purchase, may be inform'd of the Title, and Terms of Sale, by applying to the said *Chew*.

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TO BE SOLD, *as Cheap as any where in* Maryland, *by* WILLIAM SALISBURY, *on the North Side of* Severn,

TWO large Sconces, with Walnut Frames, edg'd with Gold; a Parcel of Hammers; Hatchets: Saws; Files; Rasps; Binch Plains; Chissels; and all sorts of Tools used by Carpenters; Nails of all sorts; Locks with King-Keys; Pad locks; Locks; Hinges; Thumb Latches with Brass knobs; plain Thumb Latches, &c. &c. And a great many other Things too tedious to mention, which may suit the Ladies.

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TO BE SOLD *by* PUBLIC VENDUE,

*Pursuant to the Will of* Littleton Watters *late of* Calvert *County, Shipwright, deceased, for ready Current Money or good Bills of Exchange, at his late Dwelling-House in* Lower-Marlborough, *on Friday the* 14*th Day of* September *next, at three o'Clock in the Afternoon.*

A SLOOP now on the Stocks, and will be finished by that Time, together with an Anchor, Cable and other Cordage. The Sloop is thirty five Feet Keel, Fifteen and a half Beam, Seven and a half Depth of Hold, is built to carry Burthen and draw little Water; her Timbers chiefly Mulberry, and Treenals Locust, and as she was intended for a private Use is built very strong.

SARAH WATTERS, Executrix.

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ONE *Samuel Bennett*, an *Englishman*, who once taught School in some Part of this Province, but in what County is not known, is enquired for; if he be living he may hear of something to his Advantage by applying to the Printer hereof; and if he be dead, an Account of the Time and Place of his Death will be thankfully receiv'd.

P. S. *Since the above Advertisement was first Printed, we have heard that Mr.* Bennett *lived for some Time in* Calvert *County, and taught School there, and that he removed from thence into* St. Mary's *County, or else into* Virginia.

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*CHARLES BRYAN*, SHOEMAKER, from *London*, *At the House of Mr.* John Anderson, *Cabinet-Maker, in* South-East *Street, in* Annapolis,

MAKES all Sorts of Boots, and Men and Womens Shoes and Slippers, in the best and neatest Manner, and at the cheapest Rates.

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CHARLES WALLACE, STAYMAKER,

HAVING lately Imported from *London*, a choice Parcel of the very best Whalebone, and every other Article for his Business, hereby gives Notice, That he can furnish Ladies or Others, with Stays as good as can be made in *London*, and at reasonable Rates, either for Paper Money, Gold, Sterling, or Bills; And having a Number of skilful Hands, those who want Stays, may be readily furnish'd by

*Their humble Servant*,

CHARLES WALLACE.

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JUST IMPORTED from LONDON,

And to be SOLD,

By DANIEL WOLSTENHOLME, at his Store over against the Church in *Annapolis*,

GREAT Variety of *European* and *India* Goods, at the lowest Prices, by Wholesale or Retale, either for Sterling, Gold, Paper Currency, or Tobacco.

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RAN away from the Subscriber in *Annapolis*, on the 23d of *July* last, an indented Servant Man, named *John Guinn*, by Trade a Carpenter and Joyner, about 20 Years of Age, of a middle Stature, pretty slow of Speech; and has several red Spots on the Backs of his Hands, supposed to be occasioned by Poison. He had on a blue Duroy Jacket with Metal Buttons, and without Sleeves, a grey Frock with flat Metal Buttons, a pair of Half thick blue Breeches, with flat Pewter Buttons, Osnabrigs Trowsers, a pair of Check Ditto, Thread Stockings, new Shoes, and wears a dark-brown Wig.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, if taken in *Maryland*, shall have Three Pounds Reward; and if taken in any other Province, Five Pounds of the Currency where taken.

GAMALIEL BUTLER.

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IN Pursuance of a late Act of Assembly, Notice is hereby given, That there is at the Plantation of Mr. *George Parker* in *Charles* County, a Horse, taken up as a Stray; he is a very dark Roan, has a grey Tail, is about 12 Hands high, has a white Face, one Wall Eye, a mealy Nose, paces a little, and is Branded on the near Buttock with the bottom of a Stirrup-Iron.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

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NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subscriber intends to leave this Province in a short Time; and desires all Persons who have any Claims or Demands on him, to bring in their Accounts that they may be paid: And all those who are any Ways Indebted to him, are desired to make Speedy Payment; Or else ..... JOHN FEARON.

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JUST IMPORTED,

*In the* OWNER'S SUPPLY, *Capt.* HOOPER, *from* London,

And to be SOLD

*By the Subscriber, at his Store in* Annapolis,

A SORTABLE Parcel of *European* and *East-India* Goods, very Cheap, for Sterling, Current Money, or Tobacco.

NICHOLAS MACCUBBIN.

*N. B.* The said *Maccubbin*, hath also, just imported from *London*, Variety of Rigging, great and small. He likewise sells, Good *West-India* Rum, and Barrell'd Pork, at Reasonable Rates.

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*To be Sold by Public Vendue on Thursday the* 13*th Day of* September *(being the first Thursday in the Provincial Court) at* 3 *of the Clock in the Afternoon,*

ONE Messuage and Two Acres of Land, more or less, being and lying in *Annapolis*, now in the Occupation of Mr. *George Atkinson*.

The Sale to be on the Premises.

GEORGE and ARAMINTA CATTO.

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ANY Person, who wants Public Tobacco, in any of the Counties, except *Prince-George's* and *Frederick*, may be supplied, by applying to the Subscriber; who sells the Tobacco, belonging to the Honourable *Benjamin Young*, Esq;

CHARLES CARROLL.

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FIVE PISTOLES REWARD.

RAN away from the Subscriber, on the 21st of *April* last, *John Maxfield*, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, lusty and well-set, by Trade a Shoemaker, and understands Gardening; he halts in his Gate, has large swell'd Legs, and was born (as he says) in *Yorkshire*; but when he speaks fast, has a small Impediment in his Speech, and talks more like an *Irishman*: He has on a light-colour'd Cloth Coat, an Elk Skin Jacket, Leather Breeches, and a Flaxen Wig. Whoever secures him, so as the Subscriber may have him again, shall have Five Pistoles Reward.

DAVID ROSS.

*Note*, He is a sly palavering Fellow, and, if not well secur'd, will endeavour to escape.

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